

Economics 1st PUC

Model Paper 1

I. Choose the correct answer. Each question carries one mark (1x5=5)

1. In India census is carried out once in
(a) 5 years (b) 10 years (c) 1 years (d) 2 years
2. Which is not the goal of five-year plans
a) Growth
b) Modernization
c) Self-efficiency
d) Self-reliance
3. First phase of Green Revolution achieved approximately
a) Mid 1960 – Mid 1970
b) 1950 – 1960
c) Mid 1970 – Mid 1980
d) 1970 – 1980
4. Some are rich most of the time but may sometime have a patch of bad luck. they are called
a) Occasionally Poor
b) Usually Poor
c) Always Poor
d) None of the above
5. The act provides guaranteed wage employment to every poor household for minimum of 100 days in a year is called.
a) PMRY
b) SJSRY
c) MGNREGA
d) SGSY

II. Fill in the blanks. Each question carries one mark. (1x5=5)

6. The share of workforce remained in agriculture during British rule was _____
7. The causes of poverty lie in the institutional and _____ factors that mark the life of the poor.
8. Most poverty alleviation programmes implemented are based on the perspective of the _____
9. _____ impoverished millions of people in India.
10. Economists identify the poor based on their occupation and _____

III. Answer the following question in a word /sentence each. (Each question carries one mark) (1x8=8)

11. Name the important 'Revenue Settlement System' during British rule.
12. TISCO – Expand.
13. Define planning.
14. What do you mean by Land Reforms?
15. What is Liberalization?
16. Give the meaning of Privatization?
17. Give the meaning of poverty.
18. Why the poor are physically weak?

IV. Answer the following question in four sentences each. (Each question carries two marks) (2x6=12)

19. What was the objective of the economic policies pursued by the colonial Govt. in India?
20. List out the important export goods of India before Independence.
21. What are the goals of five-year plans?
22. What is the meaning of Modernization?
23. Why do the farmers need subsidies and what are its purposes?
24. Write the meaning of Land ceiling and mention its purpose.

V. Answer the following question in twelve sentences each. (Each question carries four marks) (4x2=8)

25. Growth with Equity is one of the objectives of planning. Justify.
26. Write a note on Trade and Investment policy reforms.

VI. Answer the following question in twenty sentences each. (Each question carries six marks) (6 x 2 = 12)

27. Explain the causes of poverty.
28. Explain briefly the three-dimensional programmes adopted by the government to eradicate the poverty in India.

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Model Paper 2

- I. Choose the correct answers (Each question carries one mark) (1x5=5)
- Whose estimate of per capita income of India during colonial period was considered very significant.
(a) Dadabhai Naoroji, (b) V.K.R.V Rao, (c) William Digby (d) R.C.Desai.
 - Railway transport introduced in India in the Year _____
(a) 1835 (b) 1776 (c) 1850 (d) 1853
 - The present 'Life Expectancy' of India is _____
(a) 32.4 Years (b) 63.6 Years (c) 64.8 Years (d) 66.9 Years
 - In pre-independent India, he was the first to discuss the concept of poverty line.
a) Dadabhai Naoroji b) Gopala Krishna Gokhale c) Vinobha Bave d) Vinoda Bai
 - Some are rich most of the time but may sometime have a patch of bad luck. they are called
a) Occasionally Poor b) Usually Poor c) Always Poor d) None of the above
- II. Fill in the blank (Each question carries one mark) (1x5=5)
- The share of workforce remained in agriculture during British rule was _____
 - Before Independence the India's Jute industries concentrated in _____ part of the country.
 - Under colonial rule the cotton textile industries dominated by _____
 - _____ is the year of second stage of demographic transition of India.
 - _____ transport is considered as the most important contribution of British rule.
 - Chairperson of planning commission _____
- III. Answer the following question in a word /sentence each. (Each question carries one mark) (1x8=8)
- What is 'Capital Goods Industries'?
 - When was the official census carried out in India?
 - Why did the colonial Government ban canal transport?
 - Give the meaning of Land Ceiling
 - Mention any one Public Sector Industry.
 - Give the meaning of Gross Domestic Product.
 - What programme has the government adopted to help the elderly people and poor and destitute women?

19. Suppose you are from a poor family and you wish to get help from the government to set up a petty shop under which scheme will you apply for assistance?

IV. Answer the following question in four sentences each. (Each question carries two marks) (2x6=12)

20. Poverty has many dimensions. How it must be looked at?
21. List the features of poorest households
22. Who are the urban poor? Give examples.
23. Name the modern industries which were in operation in our country at the time of Independence.
24. State the features of India's Pre - Independence occupational structure.
25. Mention the economic activities confined to public sector in pre-independence India.

V. Answer the following question in twelve sentences each. (Each question carries four marks) (4x2=8)

26. Write the chart of poverty line and give the meaning of chronic poor, Transient poor and non-poor
27. What do you mean by Growth oriented approach to poverty reduction? Why it is not successful in India

VI. Answer the following question in twenty sentences each. (Each question carries six marks)

28. Briefly explain the important areas of Liberalization.
29. Briefly explain the effects of reforms on Agricultural sector.

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Model Paper 3

I. Choose the correct answers (Each question carries one mark) (1x5=5)

1. Whose estimate of per capita income of India during colonial period was considered very significant.
(a) Dadabai Naoroji, (b) V.K.R.V Rao, (c) William Digby (d) R.C.Desai.
2. Railway transport introduced in India in the Year _____
(a) 1835 (b) 1776 (c) 1850 (d) 1853
3. The present 'Life Expectancy' of India is _____
(a) 32.4 Years (b) 63.6 Years (c) 64.8 Years (d) 66.9 Years
4. In India census is carried out once in _____
(a) 5 years (b) 10 years (c) 1 years (d) 2 years
5. First phase of Green Revolution achieved approximately
a) Mid 1960 – Mid 1970
b) 1950 – 1960
c) Mid 1970 – Mid 1980
d) 1970 – 1980

II. Fill in the blanks. (Each question carries one mark) (1x5=5)

1. Reforms were Introduced during _____
2. RBI regulates _____ Sector
3. WTO was founded in _____
4. Taxes on incomes of individuals is called _____
5. Small Scale Industries use more of _____ than large scale industries.
6. Regional equality was the main purpose of _____

III. Answer the following question in a word /sentence each. (Each question carries one mark) (1x5=5)

6. Define poverty line as per planning commission.
7. What is 'Head count Ratio'?
8. What is Marketed Surplus?
9. Give the meaning of Land Ceiling
10. What is 'Capital Goods Industries'?

IV. Answer the following question in four sentences each. (Each question carries two marks) (2x5=10)

11. What was the objective of the economic policies pursued by the colonial Govt. in India?
12. List out the important export goods of India before Independence.
13. What were the Main causes of India's agricultural stagnation during the colonial period?
14. What are the social factors that trigger and perpetuate the poverty?
15. Name the states where poverty level is far above the national poverty level.

V. Answer the following question in twelve sentences each. (Each question carries four marks) (4x2=8)

16. Write a short note on WTO

17. Write a short note on outsourcing.

VI. Answer the following question in twenty sentences each. (Each question carries six marks)

18. Explain the Status of India's agriculture during British rule.

19. Write a note on development of infrastructure in India during the colonial period.